LAKESIDE BIBLE CHURCH

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Lakeside Bible Church

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lakeside Bible Church (the church), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the church as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the church in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the church's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the church or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the church's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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Guelph Office: 30 Norwich Street East, Guelph, Ontario N1H 2G6 Telephone (519) 763–2268 Fergus Office: 3–265 Bridge Street, Fergus, Ontario N1M 1S7 Telephone (519) 843–1050 Website www.curtisvillar.ca Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lakeside Bible Church (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the church's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the church's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the church to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Guelph, Ontario March 27, 2023

Cunto - Vullan LLP

CURTIS-VILLAR LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

LAKESIDE BIBLE CHURCH Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2022

		2022		2021
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash (Note 3)	\$	19,057	\$	60,666
Accounts receivable	+	150	+	-
Harmonized sales tax recoverable		12,366		16,459
Prepaid expenses		1,311		2,287
Due from related parties (Note 9)		54,185		58,121
		87,069		137,533
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Note 5)		3,585,209		3,743,694
CASH - INTERNALLY RESTRICTED (Note 3)		193,415		289,415
	\$	3,865,693	\$	4,170,642
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	\$	78,154	\$	63,756
Current portion of long term debt (Note 7)		91,660		87,199
		169,814		150,955
LONG TERM DEBT (Note 7)		1,717,596		1,809,256
DEFERRED REVENUE (Note 8)		28,919		8,576
		1,916,329		1,968,787
NET ASSETS				
General Purpose Fund (unrestricted) (Note 2)		(19,901)		61,135
Capital Assets Fund (internally restricted) (Note 2)		1,775,953		1,847,241
Working Capital Fund (internally restricted) (Note 2)		193,415		289,415
Mission Purposes Fund (externally restricted) (Note 2)		(103)		4,064
		1,949,364		2,201,855
	\$	3,865,693	\$	4,170,642

LAKESIDE BIBLE CHURCH Statement of Revenue and Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
REVENUE		
Lakeside Central - General donations (Note 13)	\$ 1,109,947	\$ 1,145,023
Self supporting ministries	85,532	75,877
Lakeside Downtown (Note 13)	28,968	57,248
Rental revenue	68,486	42,630
Lakeside Central - Missions donations (Note 13)	8,633	16,136
Lakeside Central - Community impact donations	6,532	9,758
Miscellaneous	3,710	9,668
Lakeside Central - Building donations	2,000	1,000
Government assistance (Note 4)	 -	81,189
	 1,313,808	1,438,529
EXPENDITURES		
Program, ministry and salaries	850,654	846,300
Property	242,581	258,443
Self supporting ministries	82,635	73,344
Administration	40,311	43,366
Lakeside Downtown	26,129	43,261
Community care and integration	19,904	9,356
Missions	12,800	24,751
Community impact	6,629	10,550
Youth ministries	2,969	3,503
Lakeside kids	2,749	3,430
Building account	1,875	-
Maturity	1,373	598
Refugee food expense	 22	-
	 1,290,631	1,316,902
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES FROM		
OPERATIONS	 23,177	121,627
OTHER INCOME		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	467	-
Interest on long term debt	(92,837)	(97,094)
Amortization (Note 5)	 (183,298)	(189,190)
	 (275,668)	(286,284)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (252,491)	\$ (164,657)

LAKESIDE BIBLE CHURCH

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Ger	neral Purpose Fund	С	apital Assets Fund		rking Capital Fund	Purj	Mission poses Fund		2022	2021	
	(U	nrestricted)		(Internally restricted)	,	(Internally restricted)	(Externally restricted)		Total		Total	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF									_			
YEAR Deficiency of revenue over expenditures Interfund transfers (<i>Note 12</i>)	\$	61,135 (252,491) 171,455	\$	1,847,241 - (71,288)	\$	289,415 - (96,000)	\$	4,064 - (4,167)	\$	2,201,855 (252,491) -	\$ 2,366,512 (164,657)	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	(19,901)	\$	1,775,953	\$	193,415	\$	(103)	\$	1,949,364	\$ 2,201,855	

LAKESIDE BIBLE CHURCH

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPERATING ACTIVITIES Deficiency of revenue over expenditures \$ (252,491) Items not affecting cash: Amortization of property, plant and equipment 183,298 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (467) Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment (69,660) Changes in non-cash working capital: (150) Accounts receivable (150) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 14,397 Prepaid expenditures 976 Harmonized sales tax payable 4,093 Deferred revenue 20,343 Government assistance receivable -		2021
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures\$ (252,491)Items not affecting cash:Amortization of property, plant and equipment183,298Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment(467)(69,660)(69,660)Changes in non-cash working capital:(150)Accounts receivable14,397Prepaid expenditures976Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-		
Items not affecting cash: Amortization of property, plant and equipment183,298 (467)Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment(467)(69,660)(69,660)Changes in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable(150) (150) Accounts payable and accrued liabilitiesAccounts payable and accrued liabilities14,397 976 4,093 Deferred revenueDeferred revenue20,343 Government assistance receivable	\$	(164,657)
Amortization of property, plant and equipment183,298Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment(467)(69,660)(69,660)Changes in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable(150)Accounts receivable(150)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities14,397Prepaid expenditures976Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-	Ψ	(104,057)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment(467)Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment(69,660)Changes in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable(150)Accounts receivable(150)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities14,397Prepaid expenditures976Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-		189,190
Changes in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable(150) Accounts payable and accrued liabilitiesAccounts payable and accrued liabilities14,397 976Prepaid expenditures976 4,093Deferred revenue20,343 Government assistance receivable-		-
Accounts receivable(150)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities14,397Prepaid expenditures976Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-		24,533
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Accounts payable and accrued liabilities14,397Prepaid expenditures976Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-		-
Prepaid expenditures976Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-		(21,282)
Harmonized sales tax payable4,093Deferred revenue20,343Government assistance receivable-		(2,287)
Deferred revenue 20,343 Government assistance receivable -		889
Government assistance receivable		4,802
39.659		9,995
		(7,883)
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities (30,001)		16,650
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (25,145)		(37,351)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 800		-
Cash flow used by investing activities (24,345)		(37,351)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advances from related parties 3,936		13,762
Repayment of long term debt (87,199)		(83,942)
Cash flow used by financing activities (83,263)		(70,180)
DECREASE IN CASH FLOW (137,609)	,	(90,881)
Cash - beginning of year 350,081		440,962
CASH - END OF YEAR <u>\$ 212,472</u>	\$	350,081
CASH CONSISTS OF:		
Cash \$ 19,057	\$	60,666
Cash - restricted 193,415	Ψ	289,415
\$ 212,472		

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Lakeside Bible Church is a not-for-profit organization incorporated without share capital and is a registered charity. The church's primary purpose is to promote and teach the gospel of Jesus Christ to the world.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO). Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations are part of Canadian GAAP.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are GICs and are valued at cost plus accrued interest. Restricted cash consists of funds that have been designated as restricted for future use by the board, to be used only with the approval of the board.

Fund accounting

Lakeside Bible Church follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

The General Purpose Fund accounts for the church's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants.

The Capital Assets Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures related to Lakeside Bible Church's capital assets.

The Working Capital Fund consists of funds that have been designated as restricted for future use by the board, to be used only with the approval of the board.

The Mission Purposes Fund reports revenue and expenditures for the church's mission activities.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Lakeside Bible Church follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Lakeside Central and Lakeside Downtown consist of restricted and non-restricted donations and fundraising amounts and are recorded when received. Restricted amounts related to future fiscal years are recorded as deferred revenue.

Missions fundraising consists of fundraising for missions trips in the year the trips occur and are recorded when received.

Lakeside Outpost consists of donations from other charities and are recorded when received.

Self supporting ministries consists of revenue for various programming and are recorded when received. Amounts related to future fiscal years are recorded as deferred revenue.

Rental revenue is recorded when received. Amounts related to future fiscal years are recorded as deferred revenue.

Government assistance consists of funds received for the Temporary Wage Subsidy and the Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy and are recorded when received or receivable.

Miscellaneous revenue consists of interest income, and donations in kind and are recorded when received.

Gain on disposal of assets consists of the difference in proceeds and the net book value from the disposal of 75 Norfolk St.

Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Measurement uncertainty exists for amortization. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and is amortized over its estimated useful life on a declining balance basis at the following rates and methods:

Buildings	5% declining balance method
Furniture and equipment	20% declining balance method
Computer equipment	55% declining balance method
Paving	8% declining balance method

The church regularly reviews its property, plant and equipment to eliminate obsolete items.

3. CASH EQUIVALENTS

	 2022	2021		
One year cashable GIC, interest calculated at 1.20%, maturing June 2, 2023	\$ 25,081	\$	-	
Two year non-redeemable GIC, interest calculated at 3.00%, maturing June 2, 2024	25,436		-	
One year non-redeemable GIC, interest calculated at 2.50%, maturing June 2, 2023	78,295		-	
One year cashable GIC, variable interest, maturing August 15, 2023	8,207		-	
One year cashable GIC, interest calculated at 0.35%, maturing June 20, 2022 One year cashable GIC, interest calculated at 0.35%, maturing	-		201,500	
September 20, 2022	 -		8,112	
	\$ 137,019	\$	209,612	

4. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE

During 2020, the Government of Canada created a program for organizations and businesses to apply for a wage subsidy, to help continue to pay their employees despite no work or less work due to COVID-19. One of the programs is the Temporary Wage Subsidy which allows eligible employers to reduce the amount of payroll deductions they need to remit and is equal to 10% of the remuneration paid from March 18 - June 19, 2020, up to \$1,375 for each eligible employee. The subsidy has been credited to the program, ministries, and salaries and is not expected to be repaid.

Another program is the Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy for 75% of employee wages is to help prevent further jobs losses and better position organizations to resume normal operations following the crisis and began on March 15, 2020. The program ended October 23, 2021 and the organization has received all eligible subsidy claims as of December 31, 2022. The subsidy has been credited to government assistance revenue account and is not expected to be repaid. No amounts were received or receivable at year end.

	 2022	2021
Temporary Wage Subsidy Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy	\$ -	\$ - 81,189
6, 6, 7	\$ -	\$ 81,189

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

7.

	 Cost	 ccumulated nortization]	2022 Net book value	2021 Net book value
Buildings Land Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Paving	\$ 7,371,015 450,000 1,047,503 12,937 8,452	\$ 4,325,983 965,089 6,613 7,013	\$	3,045,032 450,000 82,414 6,324 1,439	\$ 3,196,993 450,000 91,293 3,844 1,564
	\$ 8,889,907	\$ 5,304,698	\$	3,585,209	\$ 3,743,694

6. GOVERNMENT REMITTANCES PAYABLE OTHER THAN INCOME TAX

Government remittances (other than income taxes) include, for example, federal and provincial sales taxes, payroll taxes, health taxes, and workers' safety insurance premiums. The following government remittances were payable at year end:

	2022			2021		
Health taxes Employee deductions payable	\$	962 16,884	\$	955 15,897		
	\$	17,846	\$	16,852		
LONG TERM DEBT						
		2022		2021		
Mortgage payable loan bearing interest at 5% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$15,003. The mortgage matures on January 1, 2026 and is secured by real property with a carrying value of \$3,045,32. Amounts payable within one year	\$	1,809,256 (91,660)	\$	1,896,455 (87,199)		
	\$	1,717,596	\$	1,809,256		
Principal repayment terms are approximately:						
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ <u></u>	91,660 96,108 101,267 106,448 1,413,773 1,809,256				

8. DEFERRED REVENUE

9.

Deferred revenue consists of restricted donations for Celebrate Recovery, Grief Walk Golf donations and Refugee family funds for the sponsorship of a family in the next fiscal year.

	2022		2021
Deferred revenue - opening balance Less: amount recognized as revenue in the year Add: amount received for the subsequent year	\$	8,576 (20,156) 40,499	\$ 3,774 (2,393) 7,195
Deferred revenue - ending balance	\$	28,919	\$ 8,576
DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES		2022	2021
Lakeside Child Care Centre Lakeside Child Care Centre - Demand Ioan	\$	185 54,000	\$ 121 58,000
	\$	54,185	\$ 58,121

Lakeside Child Care Centre is a related party as it is a division of the church. The demand loan bears no interest and has no set repayment terms. The balance is due 7 days after demand. All other balances receivable are non-interest bearing and have no set repayment terms. These other balances have been repaid in 2023 and are therefore classified as current. Loans are not in the normal course of operations and are recorded at cost.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the church's related party transactions:

	 2022	2021		
Board of Directors and Executive Director (Members of the Board of Directors for Lakeside Bible Church and management) Donations	\$ 69,025	\$ 46,550		
Lakeside Child Care Centre				
(Lakeside Child Care Centre is a division of Lakeside Bible Church)				
Child care fees transferred	\$ (91,461)	\$ (148,894)		
HST rebate reimbursement	(1,606)	(550)		
Admin wage remibursement	21,984	22,960		
Rent	13,750	12,000		
Supplies and equipment expense reimbursement	7,162	4,379		
Facilities and equipment expense reimbursement	1,184	15,809		
Bank charges reimbursement	511	1,998		
Insurance reimbursement	2,517	1,935		
EHT reimbursement	280	306		
Meals and snacks reimbursement	387	-		
Loan repayments	 4,000	(4,000)		
	\$ (41,292)	\$ (94,057)		

Donations made by board members and rent are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. All other transactions are not in the normal course of operations and are recorded at cost.

11. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The church had a long term lease with respect to its premises at 75 Norfolk Street which was to mature April 30, 2025, however, as of August 1, 2022, the lease was transferred to the Church of the City and Lakeside Church was no longer under a lease commitment for the premises. The church also has a lease for three printers that mature December 31, 2024. Future minimum lease payments as at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	 75 Norfolk St	Printer lease	
2023 2024	\$ -	\$	9,788 9,788
	\$ -	\$	19,576

12. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The Capital Assets Fund transferred \$71,288 to the General Purpose Fund to account for amortization, the purchase of assets, and mortgage payments during the year. The Mission Purposes Fund transferred \$4,167 to the General Purpose Fund for the deficiency of revenue over expenditures related to mission activities. There was also a transfer of \$96,000 from the Working Capital Fund to the General Purpose Fund for repairs and maintenance, payroll, mortgage payments, and utilities during the year.

13. MAJOR CONTRIBUTIONS

	 2022		2021	
Individual donors	\$ 78,026	\$	80,315	

Major contributions are recognized as part of general donations.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The church is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the church's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2022.

(a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The church is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its donors and other related sources, contributions, GICs, and accounts payable.

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14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued) (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The church is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the church manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The church is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its long-term debt.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the church is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.